

Package: rcistats (via r-universe)

May 31, 2026

Title R Tools for CSU Channel Islands

Version 0.1.4

Author c(person("` Isaac", "` Quintanilla Salinas", role =
c("` aut", "` cre"), email = "` inqs.909@gmail.com", comment = c(ORCID
= "` 0000-0002-1137-4310")))

Maintainer Isaac Quintanilla Salinas <inqs.909@gmail.com>

Description An R package containing functions for statistics courses
at CSUCI.

License MIT + file LICENSE

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

Depends R (>= 4.3.0)

Imports remotes, ggplot2, statmod

URL <http://www.inqs.info/rcistats/>

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

Suggests broom

Config/pak/sysreqs git

Repository <https://inqs909.r-universe.dev>

Date/Publication 2026-04-01 22:14:43 UTC

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/inqs909/rcistats>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 01297b85047092feaf5a64e8578c4cbba84dee39

Contents

ar2	2
b	3
bottom	3
cat_stats	4

descriptive	4
f	5
geom_pie	5
install_m201	6
install_plots	6
install_themes	6
iterate	7
linear_model_info	7
logistic_model_info	8
middle	8
model_info	9
num_by_cat_stats	9
num_stats	10
props	10
r2	11
resample	11
resid_df	11
se_b	12
shuffle	12
sse	13
top	13
unicorns	13
Index	14

ar2

Obtain the adjusted R-Squared Value from a Linear Model

Description

Obtain the adjusted R-Squared Value from a Linear Model

Usage

```
ar2(object)
```

Arguments

object An R object that is a ‘formula’ or contains the results of the ‘lm’ function.

b *Extract regression coefficients from a linear regression model.*

Description

The regression coefficients demonstrates how a set of predictor variables will affect the outcome of interest.

Usage

```
b(object, index = NULL, data = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	An R object that is a formula or contains the results of the ‘lm’ function.
index	Index indicating which coefficients to obtain.
data	A data frame when the object is a formula.

bottom *Obtain the Bottom X Percents*

Description

Obtain the Bottom X Percents

Usage

```
bottom(x, probs)
```

Arguments

x	Vector
probs	Probability

cat_stats	<i>Obtain Frequencies and Proportions for a Categorical Variable</i>
-----------	--

Description

Obtain Frequencies and Proportions for a Categorical Variable

Usage

```
cat_stats(x, y = NULL, prop = "all", tbl_df = FALSE, digits = 4)
```

Arguments

x	Vector
y	Vector for Cross-tabulations.
prop	Character indicating what type of proportions to provide. Defaults to "all".
tbl_df	Logical indicating if you need a df for a single variable for a pie chart or other things.
digits	number of decimal places to round

descriptive	<i>Obtain Descriptive Statistics from a data frame.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Obtain Descriptive Statistics from a data frame.

Usage

```
descriptive(df)
```

Arguments

df	An R data frame used for further analysis.
----	--

f	<i>Extract the F Statistic</i>
---	--------------------------------

Description

Extract the F Statistic

Usage

```
f(object)
```

Arguments

object	An R object that is a 'formula' or contains the results of the 'lm' function.
--------	---

geom_pie	<i>A function that creates a pie chart.</i>
----------	---

Description

A function that creates a pie chart.

Usage

```
geom_pie(mapping = NULL, data = NULL, position = "stack", ..., width = 1)
```

Arguments

mapping	Aesthetics created by aes().
data	The data used to create the plot.
position	Set to "stack" for the pie chart.
...	A set of arguments passed down to geom_bar().
width	Set to 1 for the pie chart.

Value

A ggplot from the displays the pie chart.

install_m201	<i>Install R packages used for Math 201</i>
--------------	---

Description

Install R packages used for Math 201

Usage

```
install_m201()
```

install_plots	<i>Install ggplots and other plotting packages</i>
---------------	--

Description

Install ggplots and other plotting packages

Usage

```
install_plots()
```

install_themes	<i>Install Themes</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Install Themes

Usage

```
install_themes()
```

iterate	<i>Repeat a task numerous times</i>
---------	-------------------------------------

Description

Repeat a task numerous times

Usage

```
iterate(expr, sim)
```

Arguments

expr	Expression to be evaluated multiple times.
sim	The number of times to evaluate an the expression.

linear_model_info	<i>Extract model information for linear regression.</i>
-------------------	---

Description

Extract model information for linear regression.

Usage

```
linear_model_info(model)
```

Arguments

model	An R object that results from a linear regression model.
-------	--

Value

A message model information.

`logistic_model_info` *Extract model information for logistic regression*

Description

Extract model information for logistic regression

Usage

```
logistic_model_info(model)
```

Arguments

`model` An R object that results from a logistic regression model (glm class).

Value

A message indicating which category is being modeled as success from the logistic regression model.

`middle` *Obtain the middle X Percent*

Description

Obtain the middle X Percent

Usage

```
middle(x, probs)
```

Arguments

`x` Vector
`probs` Probability

model_info	<i>Extract model information</i>
------------	----------------------------------

Description

Extract model information

Usage

```
model_info(model)
```

Arguments

model An R object that results from a logistic regression model (glm class).

Value

A message indicating which category is being modeled as success from the logistic regression model.

num_by_cat_stats	<i>Obtain Numerical Statistics for a Continuous Variable by a Categorical Variable</i>
------------------	--

Description

Obtain Numerical Statistics for a Continuous Variable by a Categorical Variable

Usage

```
num_by_cat_stats(df, num, cat)
```

Arguments

df An R data frame used for further analysis.
num Name of the numerical variable found in the data frame
cat Name of the categorical variable found in the data frame

`num_stats`*Obtain Numerical Statistics for a Continuous Variable*

Description

Obtain Numerical Statistics for a Continuous Variable

Usage

```
num_stats(x, tbl = TRUE, digits = 3)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A numerical or integer vector.
<code>tbl</code>	A logical indicating whether to return a tibble or not, defaults to TRUE.
<code>digits</code>	number of decimal places to round

`props`*props Computing proportions*

Description

Compute the proportions of observing a value from a 2 by 2 contingency table

Usage

```
props(x, y, yval, diff = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	grouping variable
<code>y</code>	outcome of interest
<code>yval</code>	category of interest from outcome of interest
<code>diff</code>	Obtain the difference in proportions. Default is FALSE.

r2	<i>Obtain the R-Squared Value from a Linear Model</i>
----	---

Description

Obtain the R-Squared Value from a Linear Model

Usage

```
r2(object)
```

Arguments

object An R object that is a 'formula' or contains the results of the 'lm' function.

resample	<i>Sample a data frame with replacement</i>
----------	---

Description

Sample a data frame with replacement

Usage

```
resample(df)
```

Arguments

df Data frame to be sampled with replacement

resid_df	<i>Extract Residuals and Influential Measures from 'glm' and 'lm' object</i>
----------	--

Description

Extract Residuals and Influential Measures from 'glm' and 'lm' object

Usage

```
resid_df(object)
```

Arguments

object An R object that contains the results of the 'lm' or 'glm' function.

se_b	<i>Extract the standard errors of the regression coefficients from a linear regression model.</i>
------	---

Description

The standard errors of the regression coefficients demonstrates the variability of the relationship between the predictor variables and the outcome of interest.

Usage

```
se_b(object, index = NULL, data = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	An R object that is a formula or contains the results of the 'lm' function.
index	Index indicating which coefficients to obtain.
data	A data frame when the object is a formula.

shuffle	<i>Reorder the data of a vector</i>
---------	-------------------------------------

Description

Reorder the data of a vector

Usage

```
shuffle(x)
```

Arguments

x	A vector to be shuffle the order of the values.
---	---

sse	<i>Compute the sum of error squared for an R object</i>
-----	---

Description

Compute the sum of error squared for an R object

Usage

```
sse(object, data = NULL)
```

Arguments

object	An R object that is a 'formula' or contains the results of the 'lm' function.
data	A data frame when the object is a formula.

top	<i>Obtain the top X Percent</i>
-----	---------------------------------

Description

Obtain the top X Percent

Usage

```
top(x, probs)
```

Arguments

x	Vector
probs	Probability

unicorns	<i>Creates a Unicorn Data Set from simulated models.</i>
----------	--

Description

Creates a Unicorn Data Set from simulated models.

Usage

```
unicorns(n)
```

Arguments

n	Number of unicorns used
---	-------------------------

Index

ar2, 2

b, 3

bottom, 3

cat_stats, 4

descriptive, 4

f, 5

geom_pie, 5

install_m201, 6

install_plots, 6

install_themes, 6

iterate, 7

linear_model_info, 7

logistic_model_info, 8

middle, 8

model_info, 9

num_by_cat_stats, 9

num_stats, 10

props, 10

r2, 11

resample, 11

resid_df, 11

se_b, 12

shuffle, 12

sse, 13

top, 13

unicorns, 13